

## At least one zero element

We define, for  $0 \leq n \leq N$  :

$$G.n \equiv \langle \exists i : n \leq i < N : f.i = 0 \rangle$$

and our task is to derive a program which computes  $G.0$  .

\* \* \*

We first derive a recurrence relation for  $G$  . We have

$$G.n \equiv \text{false} \quad \text{if } n = N$$

Moreover we observe

$$\begin{aligned} & G.n \\ = & \{ \text{definition of } G \} \\ & \langle \exists i : n \leq i < N : f.i = 0 \rangle \\ = & \{ \text{split off } i = n ; \text{ requires } n < N \} \\ & f.n = 0 \quad \vee \quad \langle \exists i : n + 1 \leq i < N : f.i = 0 \rangle \\ = & \{ \text{definition of } G \} \\ & f.n = 0 \quad \vee \quad G.(n + 1) \end{aligned}$$

\* \* \*

The postcondition of our program is

$$R : \quad G.0 \equiv r$$

We choose as invariant  $P$  which is the conjunction of

$$Pn : \quad 0 \leq n \leq N$$

$$Pr : \quad G.0 \equiv r \vee G.n$$

which we establish initially with  $r, n := \text{false}, 0$  .

The repetition can terminate whenever  $RHS.R = RHS.Pr$  :

$$\begin{aligned} & r \equiv r \vee G.n \\ = & \{ \text{predicate calculus} \} \\ & G.n \Rightarrow r \\ \Leftarrow & \{ \text{property of } G \} \end{aligned}$$

$$n = N$$

hence  $n \neq N$  is an acceptable guard. We are heading for a program of the form

```

r, n := false, 0
; do n ≠ N →
    "Increase n under invariance of P"
od

```

\* \* \*

We observe

```

[[ Context: P ∧ n ≠ N

   r ∨ G.n
=   { property of G , n < N }
   r ∨ f.n = 0 ∨ G.(n+1)

]]

```

hence our solution:

```

r, n := false, 0
; do n ≠ N →
    r, n := r ∨ f.n = 0, n+1
od

```

The proofs of termination and maintenance of  $Pn$  under  $n := n+1$  are standard hence we omit them.

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